ICE SHEET MASS BALANCE

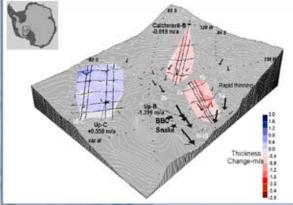


The polar ice sheets of Greenland and Antarctica are the least explored reservoirs of water on the planet and might be contributing to global sea level rise as they change size and shape.

The ice sheets covering Greenland and Antarctica contain enough water that if completed melted would raise global sea level by 90 meters. There is currently a great deal of uncertainty as to how these ice sheets are contributing to sea level rise. Some estimates account for half of the observed 1 mm/yr rise in sea level from shrinking polar ice sheets. The large size and remote location of the Greenland and Antarctic ice sheets present obvious logistic and technical challenges to measuring their mass balance (rate of change).

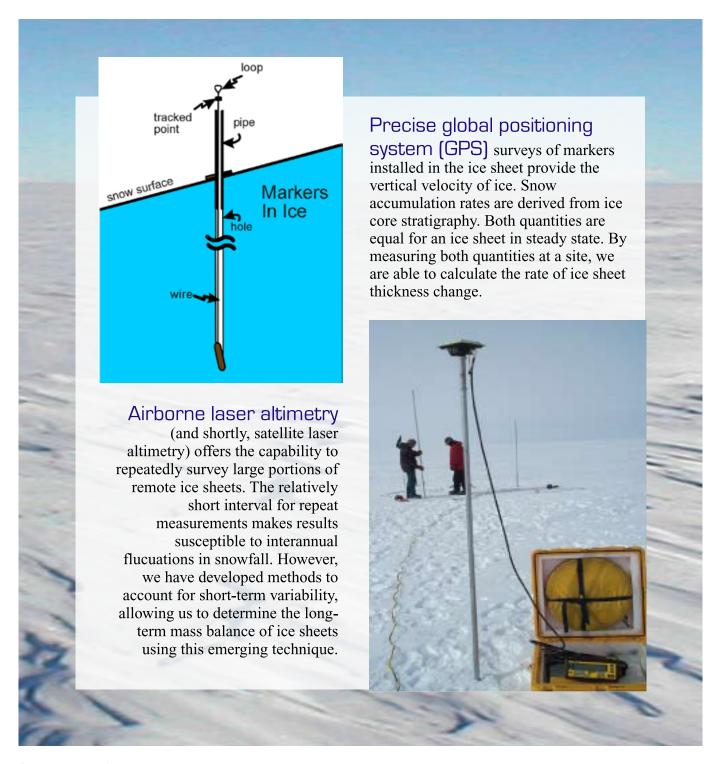
We are conducting two types of programs to better understand current ice sheet mass balance patterns. One program involves mapping Antarctic elevation changes with time using an airborne laser altimeter. The second program entails the calculation of local rates of ice sheet thickness changes using precise field measurements of vertical velocity and snow accumulation rate. This experiment is being conducted at numerous sites in Greenland and Antarctica.





Principal Results

- Ice sheet mass balance is spatially variable. Relatively rapid thinning (on the order of 0.1m/yr) is taking place close to the ice sheet margins and in areas of enhanced ice flow. The interior portions of the Greenland and Antarctic ice sheets appear to be close to steady state conditions and are not changing with time.
- Large changes are currently taking place in the Siple Coast ice streams of West Antarctica. Portions of Whillans Ice Stream appear to be thinning rapidly, while neighboring Ice Stream C is currently gaining mass.



Selected References

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